### **HED SESSION Ë 2021**



# PK-HED cataracts: definitions, guidelines, vet advice

Marianne Richter, Dipl. ECVO HED-committee chair



### I. PK-HED: cataract – news regarding definitions, guidelines, vet advice

#### the aims of the revision of the cataract issue are:

- to <u>differentiate and separate clinically relevant from clinically less important known/presumed hereditary cataracts</u>.

  The latter are now summarized in the ECVO certificate under "cataract other"
  - . this will be easier for breeders to read the certificate; breeding clubs will be informed by the HED committee and chief panelists.
- " to create a <u>template for reference</u>: with slides as a reference and clear definitions of types of cataracts for panelists and for residents.



#### **new** printed ECVO Certificate

Right eye (OD)	Photographs:		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Photographs:	
ant.	post. lat/temp.	he	cally less relevant le reditary cataracts	KP _	
Descriptive comments:		15. Cataract	t other: punctata	8. ICAA: PLA mild	_
			suture line tip	moderate	
			suture line	severe	
			nuclear ring	ICA narrow (moderate	te)
Eye disease no.		severe	nuclear fiberglass/pulve	erulent (width) closed (severe)	
Results for the known or presumed	hereditary eye diseases (KP	-HED):	Results valid for 12 mont	ths	
	* ** ** UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED AFFECTE	ED.	U	* *** * JNAFFECTED SUSP <b>I</b> CIOUS AFFECTED	_
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (РРМ)		iris cornea	11. Entropion / Trichiasis		
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> </ol>		grade 1 grade 2 <b>-</b> 6	12. Ectropion / Macroblepharon		
3. Cataract (congenital)		(multi)focal	13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia		
4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD)		geographical	14. Corneal dystrophy		1
5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla		choroid, hypoplasia	15. Cataract (non-congenital)	cortical post. ş	pol.
6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA)		colloboma	16. Lens luxation (primary)	nudea other	ır
7. Other:		mild	  17. Retinal degeneration (PRA)		
8. IridoCorneal Angle Abnormality. (LAA)		moderate	Tr. Rounal dogonoration (1101)	,	
Inte  * '  ** The animal displays clinical features that co			nal – low prior	ity"	
*** The enimal displays minor but enecific clini				tion in months	

FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.



#### present on-line ECVO certificate

Right eye (OD)  Photographs:  post. lat./temp. med./nas.  Descriptive comments: 15 other: punctata/suture line	Left eye (OS)  Photographs:  post. med./nas. lat./temp.
tips/suture line/nuclear ring/	ICAA: PLA mild moderate severe  ICA width narrow (moderate) closed (severe)
Lye disease no.	Results valid for 12 months
Results for the known or presumed hereditary eye diseases (KP-HED):  *** UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED AFFECTED	Results valid for 12 months  * *** *  UNAFFECTED SUSPICIOUS AFFECTED
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)	cornea lamina   11. Entropion/Trichiasis
2. Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)	12 Estronion/Macroblenbaron
3. Cataract (congenital)	13. Distichiasis /Ectopic cilia
4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD)	14. Corneal dystrophy
5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla	hypoplasia 15. Cataract (non-congenital)
6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA)	
7. Other: mild	17. Retinal degeneration (PRA)
8. IridoCorneal Angle Abnormality. (ICAA)	18. Other:
Interpretation  * "Unaffected" si  ** The animal dis  *** Executive Committee and has to be understand the committee and has to be	, coasi enacines



### I. PK-HED: cataract – news regarding definitions

**Cataract:** is an opacity (generally whitish) in different shapes and sizes in the lens nucleus, and/or cortex and/or capsule; it is resulting from pathologic changes in lens protein composition or disruption of lens fiber arrangement.

<u>Clinical significance:</u> The clinical significance is <u>influenced by the extent, density and location of the opacity</u>, <u>as well as its potential to progress</u>, which leads to scattering of incident light, reduced illumination, reduced contrast sensitivity, increased glare, degraded color vision, and loss of visual acuity and visual function.



### I. PK-HED: cataract – news regarding definitions

#### Classification according to aetiology:

- Primary cataracts: all bilateral or unilateral cataracts and especially cortical cataracts are KP-HEDs (except secondary cataracts)
- Secondary cataracts: cataracts known to be caused by physical influences (trauma, electric, irradiation), ocular inflammation, metabolic diseases, nutritional deficiencies, age, intoxication or another KP-HED.

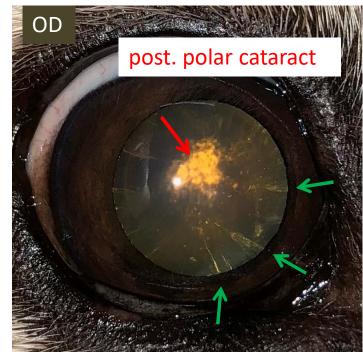


Secondary cataracts: cataracts known to be caused by physical influences (trauma, electric, irradiation), ocular inflammation, metabolic diseases, nutritional deficiencies, age, intoxication or another KP-HED (i. e. attachment point of PPM, PHA or as part of PHTVL or sequelae of PRA) should NOT be ticked as KP-HED «cataract» but should be mentioned in the comment field (as it is not a primary cataract, but a consequence of another disease).

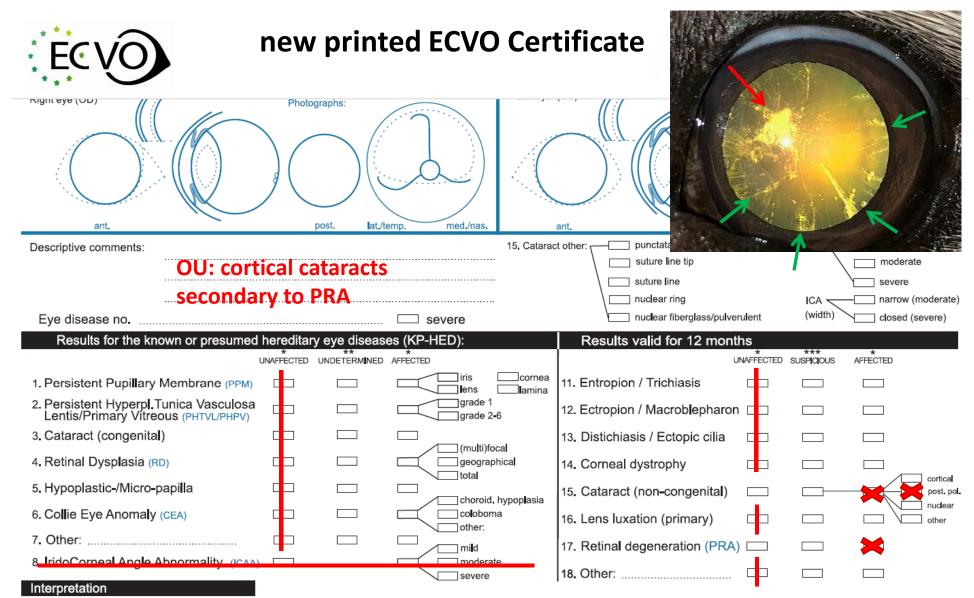
Slides: F. Matheis



cortical cataract secondary to PRA



Marianne Richter, Dipl ECVO



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- \*\* The animal displays clinical features that could possibly fit the KP-HED mentioned, but the changes are inconclusive.
- \*\*\* The animal displays minor, but specific clinical signs of the KP-HED mentioned. Further development will confirm the diagnosis. Reexamination in ......months.

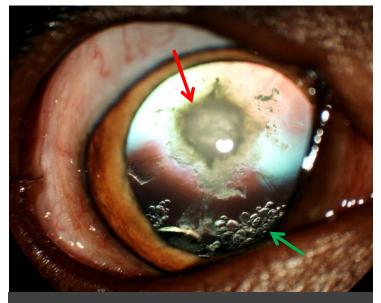
FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.



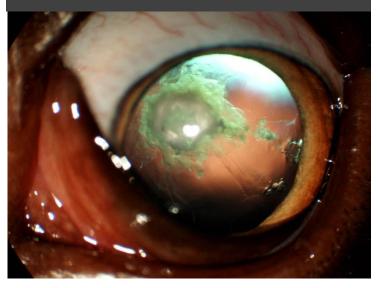
#### **Cataract (congenital)**

Congenital cataracts: If cataracts are observed in the period between birth and the 8th week of age the entity is ticked "affected" at "3. Cataract (congenital)"; if diagnosed later in life but there is distinct indication the cataract is congenital in origin (e. g. in microphthalmos, adjacent to PPM, or PHA) the entity is ticked "affected" at "3. Cataract (congenital)", except in PHTVL/PHPV, where the cataract is part of the entity. If there are also signs of juvenile or adult cataract (e. g. post. pol. or cortical cataract not adjacent to the insertion of the PPM or PHA) also tick "affected" at "15.Cataract (non-congenital)".

Slides: P. Benz



Labrador Retriever, 1y6m, m, bilateral microphthalmus, nuclear + cortical cataracts





#### new printed ECVO Certificate

Descriptive comments:	Photogr		/temp. med./nas.						
					nuclear ring	16.	ICA	narrow	(moderate)
Eye disease no.			severe		nuclear fiberglass/pulve	erulent	(width)	closed (	(severe)
Results for the known or presumed	hereditary	eye diseas	ses (KP-HED):		Results valid for 12 mont	ths			
·	* JNAFFECTED U	** INDETERM <b>I</b> NED	* AFFECTED		l	JNAFFECTED	susp <b>ici</b> ous	* AFFECTED	
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)			iris lens	cornea	11. Entropion / Trichiasis				
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> </ol>			grade 1		12. Ectropion / Macroblepharor	י ם			
3. Cataract (congenital)	_		(multi)fi	ocal	13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia				
4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD)			geogra		14. Corneal dystrophy				cortical
5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla				. hypop <b>l</b> asia	15. Cataract (non-congenital)				post. pol.
6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA)			collobor		16. Lens luxation (primary)				nuclear other
7. Other: Microphthalmos			other:		17. Retinal degeneration (PRA	) 🗆			
8_IridoCorneal Angle Abnormality (ICAA)			modera	ate	18. Other:				
Interpretation			severe		10, Otile1	+			

- \* "Unaffected" signifies that there is no clinical evidence of the known or presumed hereditary eye diseases (KP-HED) specified, whereas "affected" signifies that there is such evidence.
- \*\* The animal displays clinical features that could possibly fit the KP-HED mentioned, but the changes are inconclusive.
- \*\*\* The animal displays minor, but specific clinical signs of the KP-HED mentioned. Further development will confirm the diagnosis. Reexamination in ......months.

FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.



### I. PK-HED: cataract – news regarding guidelines

#### 15. Cataract (non-congenital):

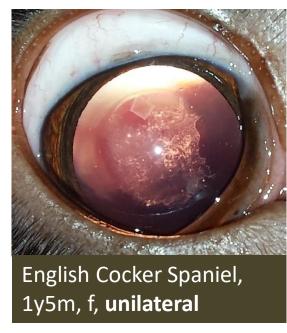
#### **Classification according to location:**

- Cortical cataracts: any opacity in the anterior and/or posterior cortex unilateral or bilateral (except the posterior polar cataract and those listed under "other")
- **Posterior polar cataract:** is a subtype of the cortical cataract, it presents as a distinctive triangular (sometimes discoid) plaque situated in the central posterior cortex, in general adjacent to the posterior capsule. ...
- Muclear cataracts: any whitish opacity in the nucleus; exceptions: fiberglass like and pulverulent cataracts (see other lens opacities)
- Other lens opacities (cataracts): punctate, suture line tips, suture lines, nuclear ring, nuclear fiberglass-like/pulverulent



Cortical cataracts: any opacity in the anterior and/or posterior cortex unilateral or bilateral (except the posterior polar cataract and those listed under "other")







Slides: M.Richter Slide: G. Chaudieu

FCVO	new	prin	itea EC	vo cer	tificate				
Night eye (OD)	Photog		at./temp.	d./nas,	ant.	toe	L. med	d./nas.	lat,/temp.
Descriptive comments:				15. Catarac	t other: punctata	8. IC/	AA: PLA	mild mode	arata
					suture line		\	sever	
					nuclear ring		ICA 🖳	— narro	w (moderate)
Eye disease no.			severe	9	nuclear fiberglass/pulve	erulent	(width)	closed	d (severe)
Results for the known or presumed	hereditary	eye dise	ases (KP-HED)	:	Results valid for 12 mon	ths	***		
t	JNAFFECTED	UNDETERM <b>I</b> NI	ED AFFÉCTED			UNAFFECTED	SUSPICIOUS	AFFECTED	
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)				riscornea enslamina	11. Entropion / Trichiasis				
2. Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)				grade 1 grade 2 <b>-</b> 6	12. Ectropion / Macroblepharo	n 🗀			
3. Cataract (congenital)				multi)focal	13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia				
4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD)				geographical otal	14. Corneal dystrophy				cortical
5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla				choroid, hypoplasia	15. Cataract (non-congenital)				post. pol.
6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA)				co <b>l</b> oboma other:	16. Lens luxation (primary)	<b>+</b>			nuclear other
7. Other:				mi <b>l</b> d	17. Retinal degeneration (PRA	a) 🗖			
8_IridoCorneal Angle Abnormality (ICAA)			_	moderate severe	18. Other:				

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- \*\*\* The animal displays minor, but specific clinical signs of the KP-HED mentioned. Further development will confirm the diagnosis. Reexamination in .....months.

FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: PTC	١
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Interpretation



#### Further instructions for filling out the ECVO form

#### **Total cataract**

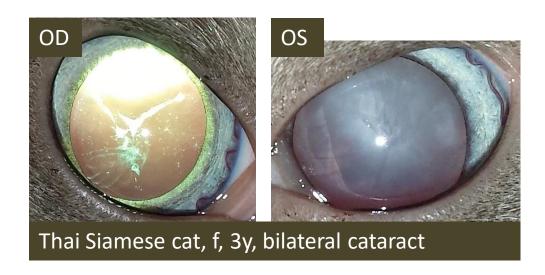
OD: cortical cataract

OS: mature/total cataract

Note: in a total cataract

tick at 15. Cataract (non-congenital) - «cortical» + «nuclear»

tick at 18. Other: Posterior segment exam not possible



Slides: M.Richter



#### new printed ECVO Certificate

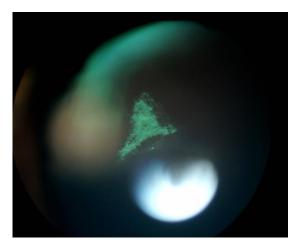
Night eye (OD)	Photographs:	Thai Siamese bilateral	cat, f, 3y,	post. med./nas. lat./temp.
Descriptive comments:			15, Cataract other: punctata	8. ICAA: PLA mild
			suture line tip	moderate
			suture line nuclear ring	ICA narrow (moderate)
Eye disease no.		severe	nuclear fiberglass/	, , ,
Results for the known or presumed	hereditary eve di		Results valid for 12 m	nonths
	* ** JNAFFECTED UNDETER!	*		* *** * UNAFFECTED SUSPICIOUS AFFECTED
1. Persistent Pupi <b>ll</b> ary Membrane (PPM)	<b>b</b> -	iris	□cornea □lamina 11. Entropion / Trichiasis	
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> </ol>		grade 1 grade 2-6	12. Ectropion / Macrobleph	aron 🗀 🖂
3. Cataract (congenital)			13. Distichiasis / Ectopic ci	lia 🗀 🖂
4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD)		(multi)focal	- I	cortical
<ol><li>Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla</li></ol>		choroid, hyp	15. Cataract (non-congenit	
6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA)		coloboma other:	16. Lens luxation (primary)	nuclear
7. Other:		mild	17. Retinal degeneration (F	PRA)
8. IridoCorneal Angle Abnormality. (ICAA)		moderate	18. Other: Post. segm	
Interpretation		severe	not possib	le —

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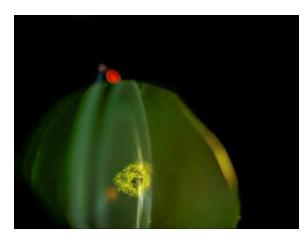
FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.



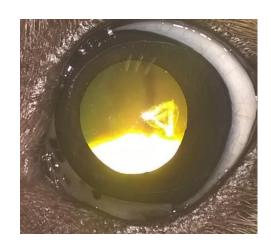
Posterior polar cataract: is a subtype of the cortical cataract, it presents as a distinctive triangular (sometimes discoid) plaque situated in the central posterior cortex, in general adjacent to the posterior capsule. Sometimes there is a smaller satellite rosette lesion adjacent to the central opacity. It can be stationary as well as progressive (progression may begin at any age). In the progressive type, whitish opacification changes take place in the posterior cortex in the form of radiating rider opacity



Labrador Retriever, 3y (G. Chaudieu)



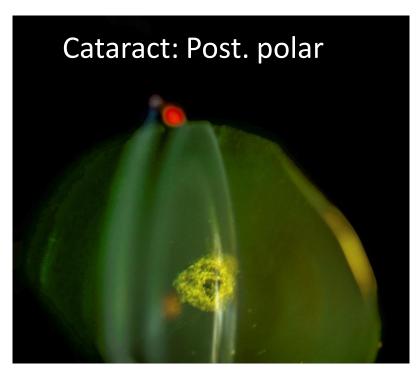
Labrador Retriever, 5y (L. Karlstam)



Golden Retriever, 6y (L. Karlstam)



<u>Post. polar cataract:</u> opacity of typical triangular shape located at the posterior pol of the lens, in the posterior cortex (directly adjacent to the capsule **or** with some distance to the capsule)





Slides: L. Karlstam



#### Further instructions for filling out the ECVO form

If there is a <u>distinct (well defined)</u> post. pol. cataract, without signs of spreading into the remaining cortex, tick at "15. Cataract (non-congenital)" the box "affected" and the specifying <u>box "post. pol"</u>;



Slides: M.Richter

ECVO		•	ted ECV	O Cer	tificate			
ant.		graphs:	/temp. med./na	s.	ant.	post	med	d./nas. lat./temp.
Descriptive comments:				15. Catarac	ct other: punctata	8. ICAA	A: PLA	mild moderate
					suture line			severe
					nuclear ring		ICA <	narrow (moderate)
Eye disease no.			severe		nuclear fiberglass/pulve	rulent	(width)	closed (severe)
Results for the known or presumed	*	y eye diseas	*		Results valid for 12 mont	*	*** USPICIOUS	* AFFECTED
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)	DINAFFECTED	ONDETERMINEL	iris	cornea	11. Entropion / Trichiasis	DIVAPPECIED S	USPIGIOUS	AFFECTED
2. Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)			lens grad		12. Ectropion / Macroblepharon			
3. Cataract (congenital)				i)focal	13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia			
4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD)	ф.		geog	raphica <b>l</b>	14. Corneal dystrophy			
5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla			total	oid hymoplosis	15. Cataract (non-congenital)			cortical post. pol
6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA)				oid <b>.</b> hypop <b>l</b> asia ooma 	16. Lens luxation (primary)			nuclear other
7. Other:			mild		17. Retinal degeneration (PRA)	) 🗖		
8 IridoCorneal Angle Abnormality (ICAA)			mod		18. Other:			

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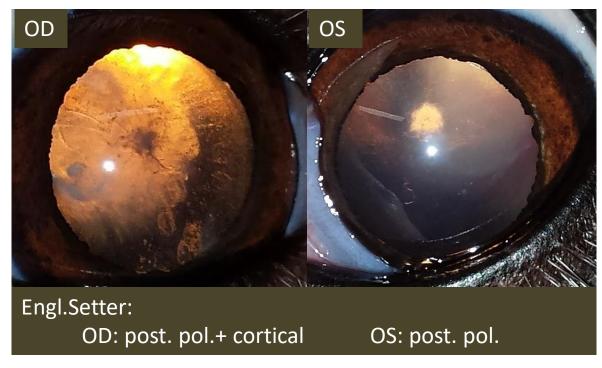
FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.

Interpretation



#### Further instructions for filling out the ECVO form

If the post. polar cataract <u>extends into the adjacent cortex</u> (and is therefore progressive), tick at "15. Cataract (non-congenital)" the box "affected" and the specifying <u>boxes "post. pol." **AND** "cortical"</u>;



Sib. Husky:
OU: post.pol. + cortical

Slides: M.Richter

Slide: HEDsession Antwerp 2019

ECVO)	new	prin	tea Et	cvo cer	uncate				
Right eye (OD)	Photo	post. lat.	/temp. n	ned,/nas,	ant.		Ti de la constanta de la const		
Descriptive comments:				15, Catarac	ct other: punctata	8. 10	CAA: PLA	mild modera	ate
					suture line		·	severe	
Fue disease no					nuclear ring nuclear fiberglass/pulve	rulent	ICA (width)		(moderate) (severe)
Eye disease no. Results for the known or presumed					Results valid for 12 mont		()	closed (	(severe)
•	*	** UNDETERMINE	*	<i>.</i>	i	* INAFFECTED	*** SUSPICIOUS	* AFFECTED	
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)				iris cornea	11. Entropion / Trichiasis				
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl, Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> </ol>				grade 1 grade 2 <b>-</b> 6	12. Ectropion / Macroblepharon				
3. Cataract (congenital)				(multi)focal	13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia				
4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD)				geographical	14. Corneal dystrophy				
5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla				total choroid. hypop <b>l</b> asia	15. Cataract (non-congenital)				cortical post. pol
6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA)				coloboma other:	16. Lens luxation (primary)				nuclear other
7. Other:				otner. mild	17. Retinal degeneration (PRA)				
8_IridoCorpeal Angle Abnormality (ICAA)				moderate	18 Other	Н			

inted FOVO Contificate

- \* "Unaffected" signifies that there is no clinical evidence of the known or presumed hereditary eye diseases (KP-HED) specified, whereas "affected" signifies that there is such evidence.
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FOR FUT	HER	INFORMATION:	P.T.O
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Interpretation



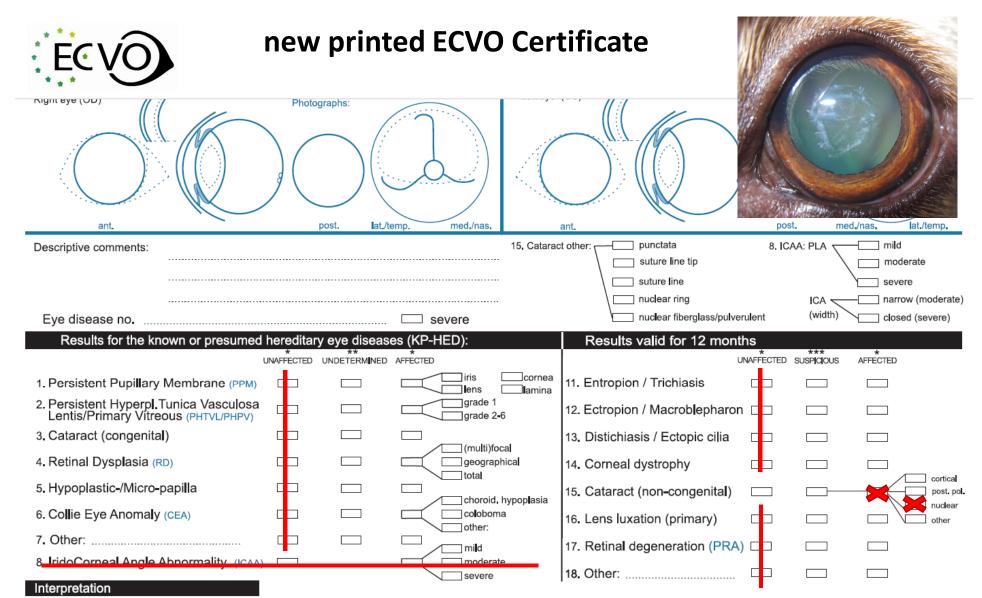
Muclear cataracts: any whitish opacity in the nucleus (embryonal, fetal, juvenile, adult); (exceptions: fiberglass like and pulverulent cataracts – see other lens opacities)







Slides: M.Richter Slide: G. Chaudieu



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FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.

## I. PK-HED: cataract – news regarding guidelines

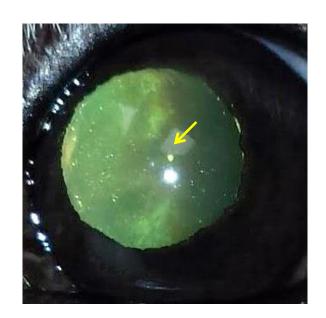
#### Other lens opacities/cataracts: 15. cataract (non-congenital) – «other»

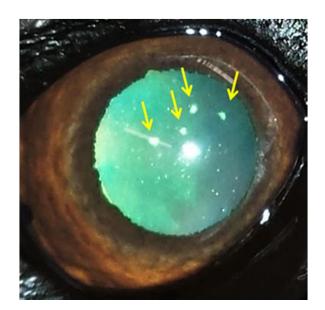
- " <u>Punctate</u>: one or more *clearly defined whitish* dot like opacities located in the cortex or nucleus
- Suture line tips: clearly defined whitish small linear opacities at the ends of the suture lines
- Suture line: clearly defined whitish line or dots in the cortex that form an upright or inverted Y; sometimes faint dotted circular opacities can be seen in its center.
- Nuclear ring: delicate irregular shaped more or less circular structure in the nucleus
- Nuclear fiberglass-like/pulverulent: Fiberglass or crystal-like opacities in the nucleus or scattered fine pulverulent granules parallel to the suture lines in the posterior nucleus and later with fibrillary opacities in the entire fetal nucleus, which may become dense and extending into the adult nucleus. These nuclear opacities are generally bilateral and do not impair vision significantly.



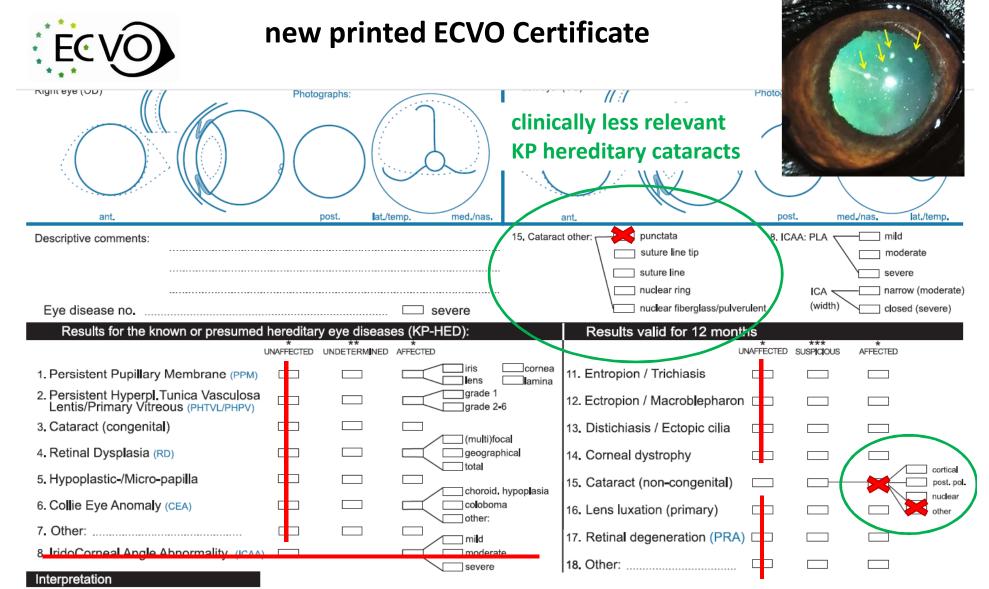
#### Other lens opacities/cataracts: 15. cataract (non-congenital) - «other»

" <u>Punctate</u>: one or more *clearly defined* whitish dot like opacities located in the cortex or nucleus

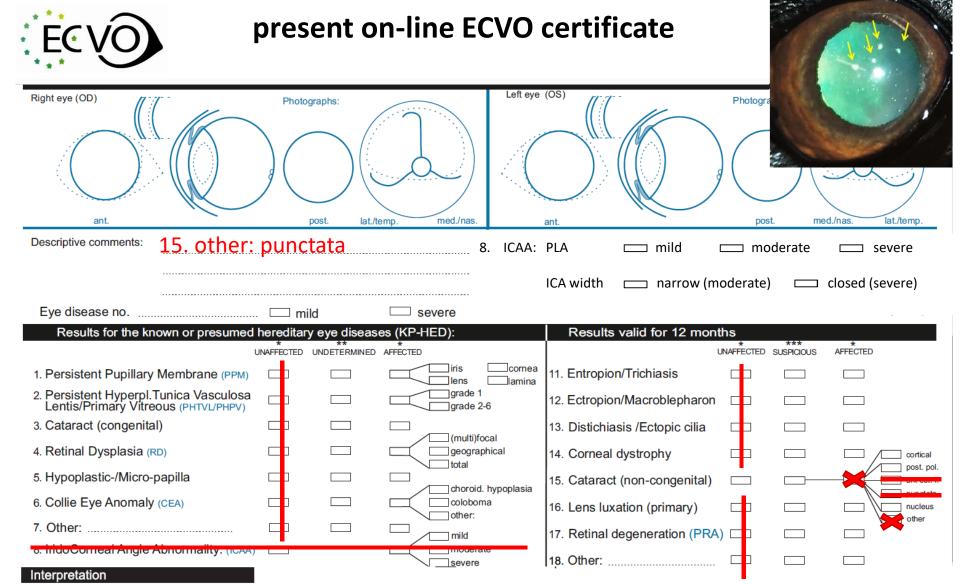




Slides: M.Richter



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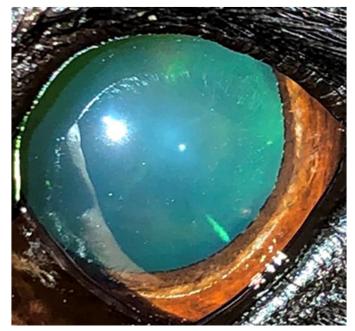


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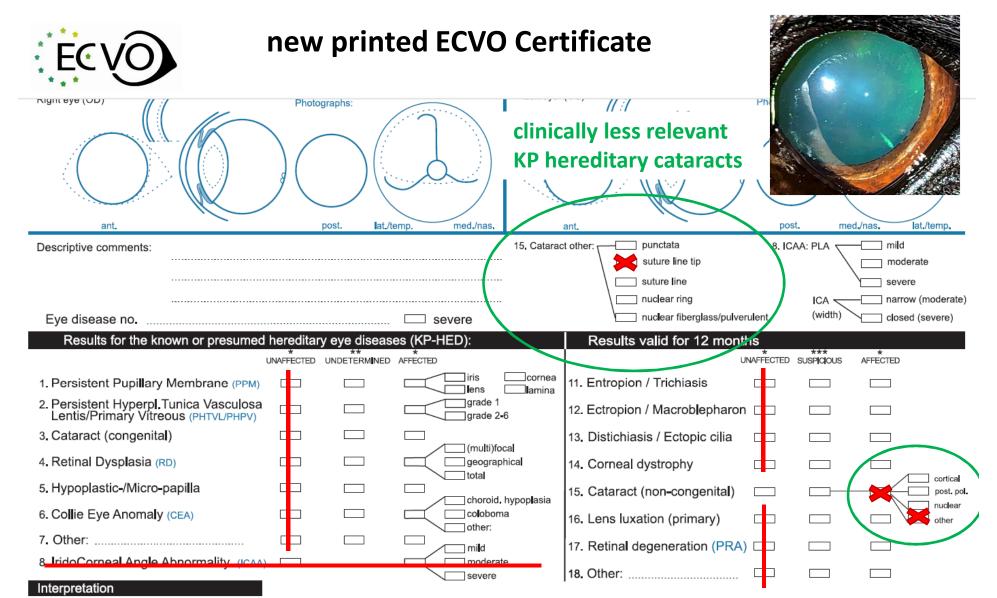


#### Other lens opacities/cataracts: 15. cataract (non-congenital) - «other»

"Suture line tips: clearly defined whitish small linear opacities at the ends of the suture lines

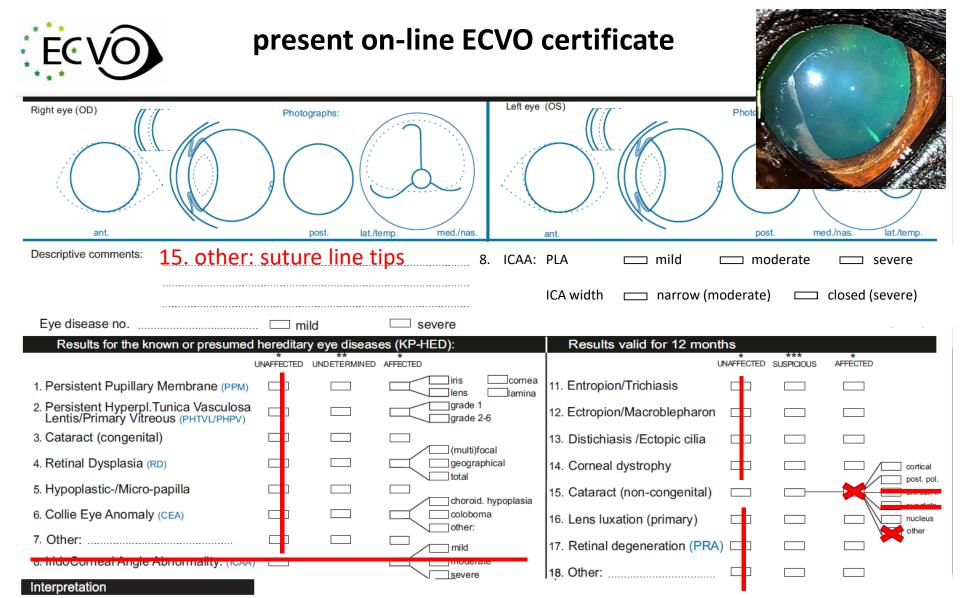


Slide: M. Richter



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- \*\*\* The animal displays minor, but specific clinical signs of the KP-HED mentioned. Further development will confirm the diagnosis. Reexamination in ......months.

FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.

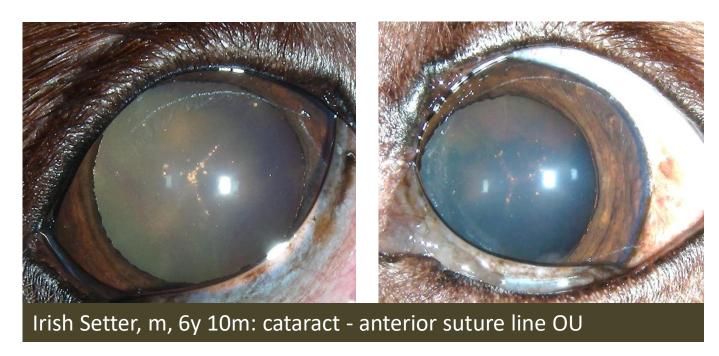


- \* "Unaffected" signifies that there is no clinical evidence of the known or presumed hereditary eye diseases (KP-HED) specified, whereas "affected" signifies that there is such evidence.
- \*\* The animal displays clinical features that could possibly fit the KP-HED mentioned, but the changes are inconclusive.
- \*\*\* The animal displays minor, but specific clinical signs of the KP-HED mentioned. Further development will confirm the diagnosis. Reexamination in .....months.



#### Other lens opacities/cataracts: 15. cataract (non-congenital) – «other»

Suture line: clearly defined whitish line or dots in the cortex that form an upright or inverted Y; sometimes faint dotted circular opacities can be seen in its center.

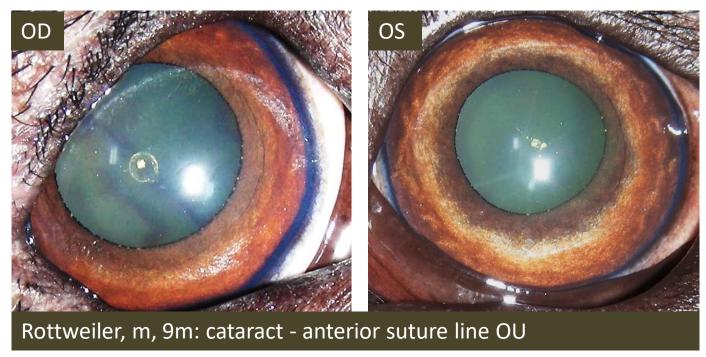


Slides: S. Hertslet



<u>Suture line:</u> *clearly defined whitish line or dots* in the cortex that form an upright or inverted Y; sometimes faint dotted circular opacities can be seen in its center.

Comment: in general the anterior suture line opacities do not progress; in case progression is seen in following eye exams, tick at 15. cataract «cortical»



Slides: S. Hertslet



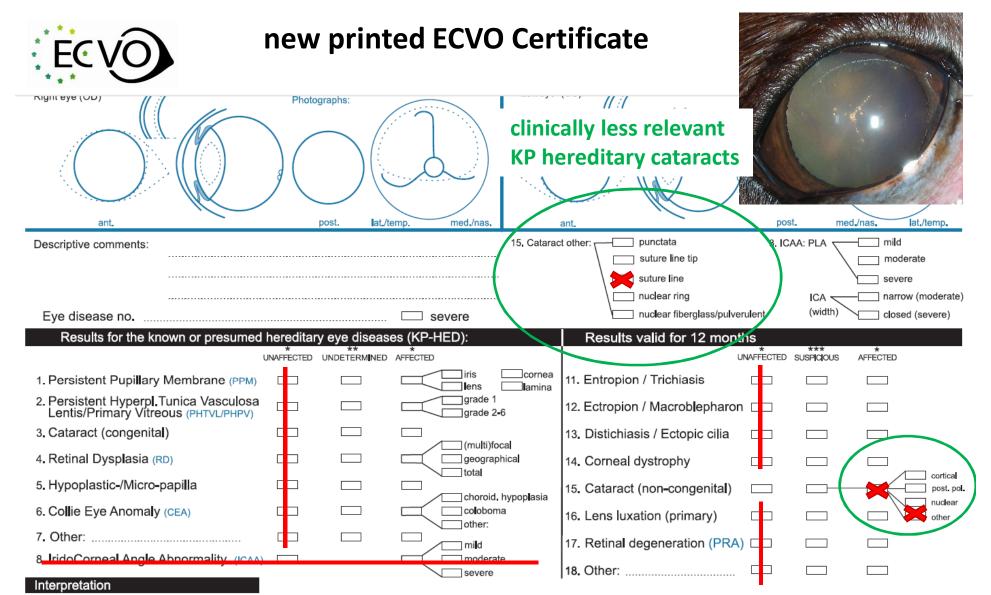
<u>Suture line</u>: clearly defined whitish line or dots in the cortex that form an upright or inverted Y; sometimes faint dotted circular opacities can be seen in its center.

Comment: in general the anterior suture line opacities do not progress; in case progression is seen in following eye exams, tick at 15. cataract «cortical»



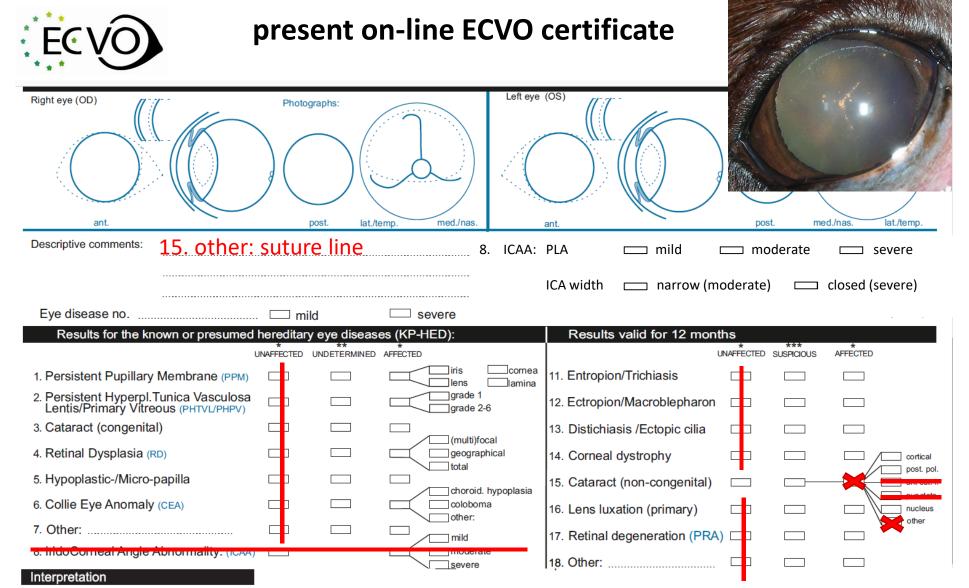


Slide: S. Jalomäki Slide: S. Hertslet



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#### Further instructions for filling out the ECVO form

If cataracts associated with the suture lines extend into the cortex: Tick at 15. cataract (non-congenital) - «cortical»



Slide: Tierspital Zürich



Slide: F. Matheis



Slide: M.Richter



## new printed ECVO Certificate

And ant.	Photograp		emp. med./nas.		ant.	post	S	Damas. Fat./temp.
Descriptive comments:				15. Catarac	\	8. ICA	A: PLA	mild
					suture line tip			moderate
					nuclear ring		ICA <	narrow (moderate)
Eye disease no.			severe		nuclear fiberglass/pulv	eru <b>l</b> ent	(width)	closed (severe)
Results for the known or presumed	hereditary e	ye disease	es (KP-HED):		Results valid for 12 mor	iths		
· ·	UNAFFECTED UNI	** DETERMINED	AFFECTED *			UNAFFECTED :	susp <b>ici</b> ous	AFFECTED
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)			iris	cornea	11. Entropion / Trichiasis			
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> </ol>			grade 1		12. Ectropion / Macroblepharo	on 🗀		
3. Cataract (congenital)			(multi)fo	ool	13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia			
4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD)			geograp		14. Corneal dystrophy			cortical
5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla			choroid	hypop <b>l</b> asia	15. Cataract (non-congenital)			post. pol.
6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA)			collobor other:	,, ,	16. Lens luxation (primary)			nuclear other
7. Other:	ф		mi <b>l</b> d		17. Retinal degeneration (PRA	A) 🗖		
8_IridoCorpeal Angle Abnormality (ICAA)			severe	te	18. Other:			

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### present on-line ECVO certificate

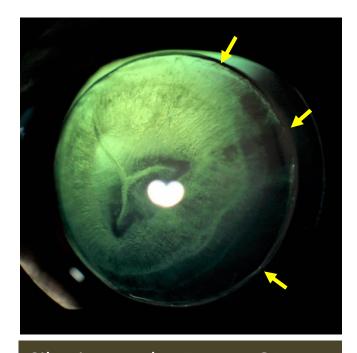
Right eye (OD)	Photographs:	temp. med/nas.	ant.	post. me	ed./nas. lat./temp.
Descriptive comments:		8. ICAA:	PLA mild	── moderate	severe
			ICA width narrow (m	oderate) $\square$	closed (severe)
Eye disease no.		severe			<u> </u>
Results for the known or presumed	* **	*	Results valid for 12 mont	ths	4
	UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED	AFFECTED	ı	UNAFFECTED SUSPICIOUS	AFFECTED
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)	UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED	iris Cornea	11. Entropion/Trichiasis	UNAFFECTED SUSPICIOUS	AFFECTED
	UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED			UNAFFECTED SUSPICIOUS	AFFÊCTED
<ol> <li>Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)</li> <li>Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> <li>Cataract (congenital)</li> </ol>	UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED	iris cornea	11. Entropion/Trichiasis		AFFÊCTED
2. Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)	UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED	iris cornea	<ul><li>11. Entropion/Trichiasis</li><li>12. Ectropion/Macroblepharon</li></ul>		Cortical
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> <li>Cataract (congenital)</li> </ol>	UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED	iris cornea lens lamina grade 1 grade 2-6 (multi)focal geographical total	<ul><li>11. Entropion/Trichiasis</li><li>12. Ectropion/Macroblepharon</li><li>13. Distichiasis /Ectopic cilia</li></ul>		
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> <li>Cataract (congenital)</li> <li>Retinal Dysplasia (RD)</li> </ol>	UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED	iris cornea lens lamina grade 1 grade 2-6 (multi)focal geographical total choroid. hypoplasia coloboma	<ul><li>11. Entropion/Trichiasis</li><li>12. Ectropion/Macroblepharon</li><li>13. Distichiasis /Ectopic cilia</li><li>14. Corneal dystrophy</li></ul>		cortical post. pol.
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> <li>Cataract (congenital)</li> <li>Retinal Dysplasia (RD)</li> <li>Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla</li> </ol>	UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED	iris cornea lens lamina grade 1 grade 2-6 (multi)focal geographical total choroid. hypoplasia	<ul><li>11. Entropion/Trichiasis</li><li>12. Ectropion/Macroblepharon</li><li>13. Distichiasis /Ectopic cilia</li><li>14. Corneal dystrophy</li><li>15. Cataract (non-congenital)</li></ul>		cortical post. pol.

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## Further instructions for filling out the ECVO form

If cataracts associated with the suture lines extend into the cortex: Tick at 15. cataract (non-congenital) - «cortical»

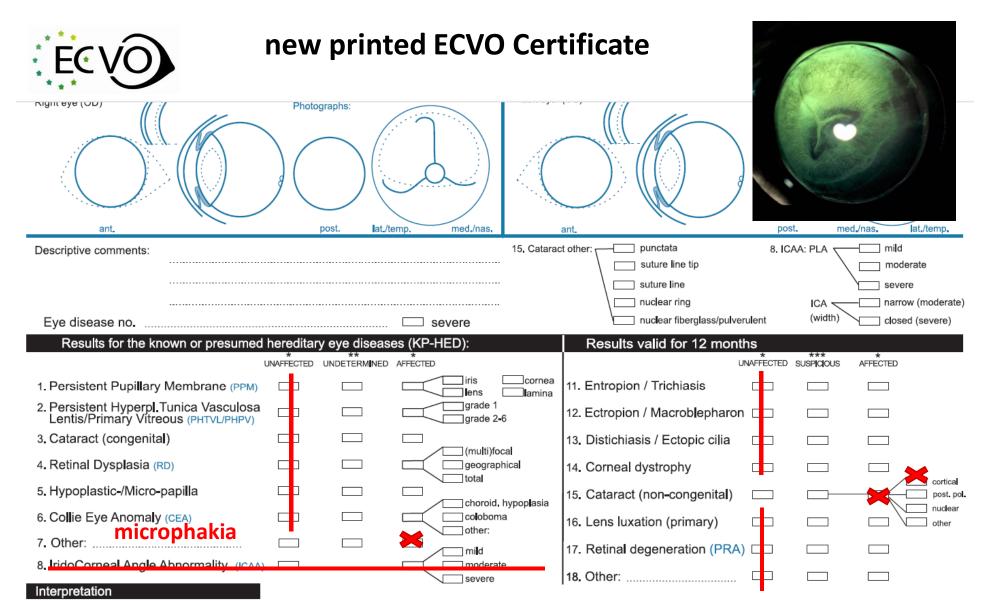


Siberian Husky, 7 mon: OD: cataract, cortical, anterior suture lines; microphakia



Slide: F. Stades

Slide: G. Chaudieu



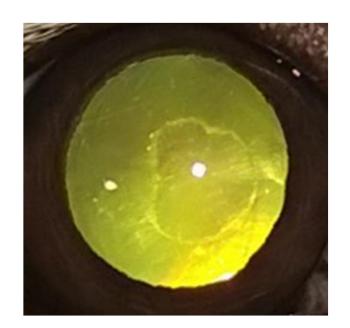
- \* "Unaffected" signifies that there is no clinical evidence of the known or presumed hereditary eye diseases (KP-HED) specified, whereas "affected" signifies that there is such evidence.
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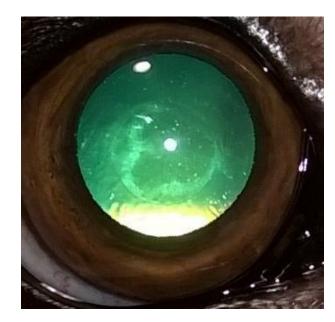
\*\*\* The animal displays minor, but specific clinical signs of the KP-HED mentioned. Further development will confirm the diagnosis. Reexamination in ......months.



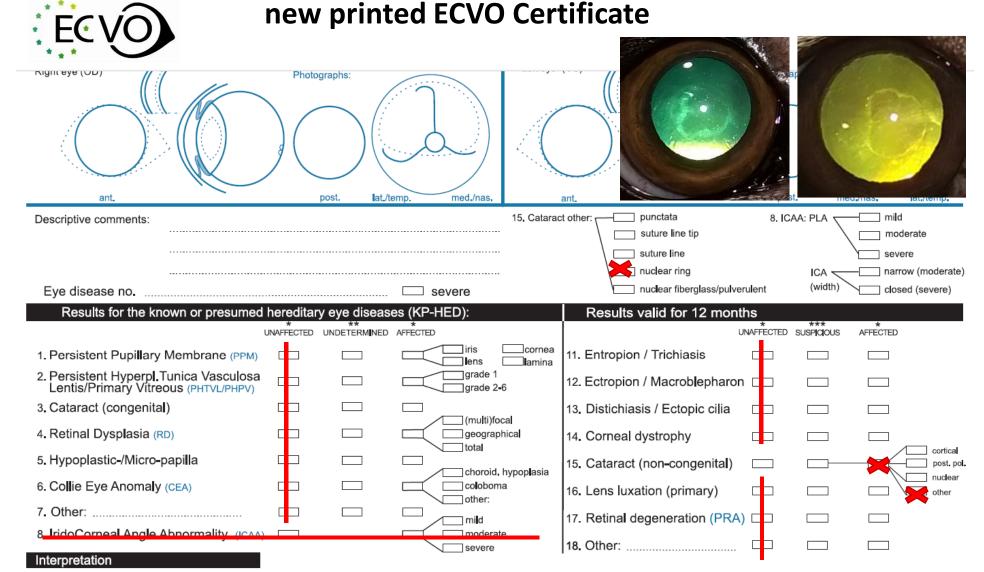
### Other lens opacities/cataracts: 15. cataract (non-congenital) – «other»

" <u>Nuclear ring:</u> delicate *semi-translucent irregular shaped* more or less circular structure in the nucleus





Slides: C. Bundgaard



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FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.



### present on-line ECVO certificate

						100	
Right eye (OD)	Photographs:	lat./temp. med./nas.	Left eye (OS)		post.	med./nas.	lat./temp.
Descriptive comments: 15. other:	nuclear r	ing	8. ICAA: PLA	□ mild	□ mode	rate $\Box$	severe
			ICA width	narrow (m	oderate)	□ closed	d (severe)
Eye disease no.	mild	severe					
Results for the known or presumed	hereditary eye d	iseases (KP-HED):	Result	s valid for 12 mont	ths *	*** *	
	UNAFFECTED UNDETER	RMINED AFFECTED		1	BIACCCOTED OUR		
4 Danielakant Daniell A4 1		lirio	Cornea		UNAFFECTED SUS	SPICIOUS AFFECT	ED
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)		iris	lamina	on/Trichiasis	UNAFFECTED SU	SPICIOUS AFFEC	TED
Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)     Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)		iris lens grade grade	1 12 Ectronic		UNAFFECTED SUS	SPICIOUS AFFEC	TED ]
• •		grade	12. Ectropic	on/Trichiasis		SPICIOUS AFFEC	TED  ]
2. Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)		grade grade (multi)	1 2-6 12. Ectropio 13. Distichi	on/Trichiasis on/Macroblepharon		SPICIOUS AFFEC	cortical
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> <li>Cataract (congenital)</li> </ol>		grade grade (multi)	1 2.6 12. Ectropic 13. Distichi focal 14. Cornea 15. Cataraci	on/Trichiasis on/Macroblepharon iasis /Ectopic cilia		SPICIOUS AFFEC	
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> <li>Cataract (congenital)</li> <li>Retinal Dysplasia (RD)</li> </ol>		grade grade (multi)	12. Ectropic 13. Distichi focal aphical 14. Cornea 15. Catarac	on/Trichiasis on/Macroblepharon iasis /Ectopic cilia al dystrophy		SPICIOUS AFFEC	
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> <li>Cataract (congenital)</li> <li>Retinal Dysplasia (RD)</li> <li>Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla</li> </ol>		grade grade grade grade grade choroic colobo	1 2-6 12. Ectropic 13. Distichi focal 14. Cornea 15. Cataraci 16. Lens lu	on/Trichiasis on/Macroblepharon iasis /Ectopic cilia al dystrophy ct (non-congenital)		SPICIOUS AFFEC	cortical post, pol.

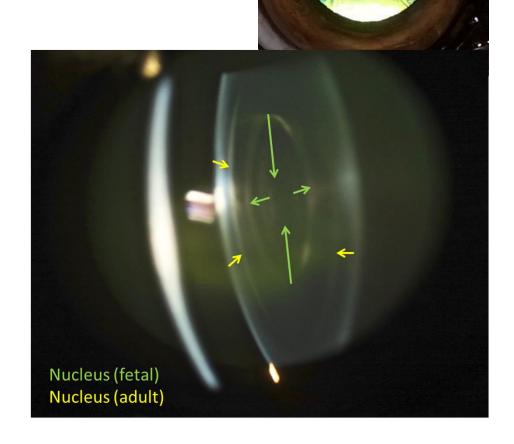
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### Not to be confused with:

### **Refraction discontinuity zones:**

fine (light-grey) regular circular lines due to different refractive indices of the fibers of the embryonic, fetal, juvenile and adult nucleus and cortex; clinical significance: none

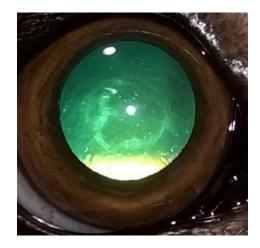


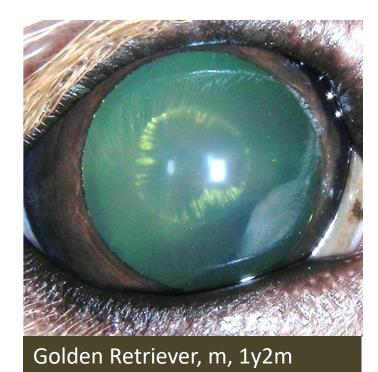
Slide: L. Karlstam



### Not to be confused with:

### Ring-shaped nuclear cataract (dense whitish)





Slides: S.Hertslet



Slide: HED session Antwerp 2019



## new printed ECVO Certificate

Night eye (OD)	Photo	graphs:					31			
ant.		post. lat.	/temp.	med./nas.		ant.	post.	me	ed /nas. lat	t./temp.
Descriptive comments:				1	15, Cataract	1	8. ICA	A: PLA	— mild	
						suture line tip		\	moderat	te
						suture line nuclear ring		ICA <	severe	moderate)
Eye disease no.			. 🗀 sev	ere		nuclear fiberglass/pulve	erulent	(width)	closed (s	
Results for the known or presumed				D):		Results valid for 12 mon	ths			
ı	JNAFFECTED	UNDETERMINE	AFFECTED				UNAFFECTED S	*** SUSP <b>ICI</b> OUS	* AFFECTED	
1. Persistent Pupi <b>ll</b> ary Membrane (РРМ)	JNAFFECTED	UNDETERMINE	AFFÉCTED	iris	cornea lamina	11. Entropion / Trichiasis	UNAFFECTED S		AFFECTED	
		UNDETERMINE	AFFECTED *	= =					AFFECTED	
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)		*** UNDETERMINED	AFFECTED AFFECTED	lens grade 1 grade 2-6		11. Entropion / Trichiasis			AFFECTED	
Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)     Persistent Hyperpl, Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)		*** UNDETERMINED	AFFECTED AFFECTED	lens grade 1	<b>∐l</b> amina	<ul><li>11. Entropion / Trichiasis</li><li>12. Ectropion / Macroblepharon</li></ul>			AFFECTED	cortical
Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)     Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)     Cataract (congenital)		*** UNDETERMINED	AFFECTED AFFECTED	lens grade 1 grade 2-6 (multi)focal geographica total	⊒lamina al	<ul><li>11. Entropion / Trichiasis</li><li>12. Ectropion / Macroblepharon</li><li>13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia</li></ul>			AFFECTED	cortical post. pol.
<ol> <li>Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)</li> <li>Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> <li>Cataract (congenital)</li> <li>Retinal Dysplasia (RD)</li> </ol>		*** UNDETERMINED	AFFECTED AFFECTED	lens grade 1 grade 2-6 (multi)focal geographica	⊒lamina al	<ul><li>11. Entropion / Trichiasis</li><li>12. Ectropion / Macroblepharon</li><li>13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia</li><li>14. Corneal dystrophy</li></ul>			AFFECTED	_
<ol> <li>Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)</li> <li>Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> <li>Cataract (congenital)</li> <li>Retinal Dysplasia (RD)</li> <li>Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla</li> </ol>		*** UNDETERMINED	* AFFECTED	lens grade 1 grade 2-6 (multi)focal geographica total choroid, hyp	⊒lamina al	<ul> <li>11. Entropion / Trichiasis</li> <li>12. Ectropion / Macroblepharon</li> <li>13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia</li> <li>14. Corneal dystrophy</li> <li>15. Cataract (non-congenital)</li> </ul>			AFFECTED	post. pol. nuclear

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FOR FUT	THER	INFORMATION:	P.T.O
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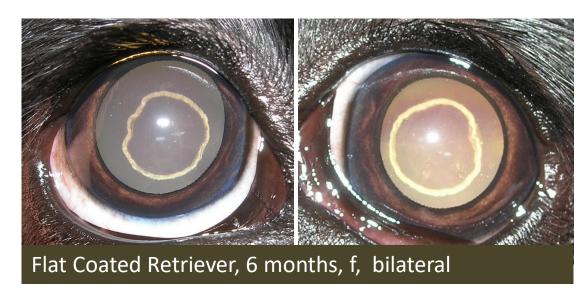


### Further instructions for filling out the ECVO form

If the ring-shaped cataract is perinuclear (= cortex): Tick at 15. cataract - «cortical»

If the ring-shaped cataract is within the nucleus:

Tick at 15. cataract - «nuclear»

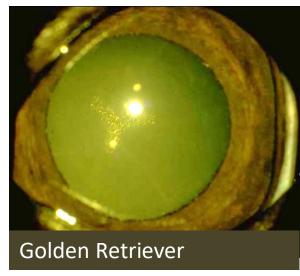


Slides: Tierspital Zürich

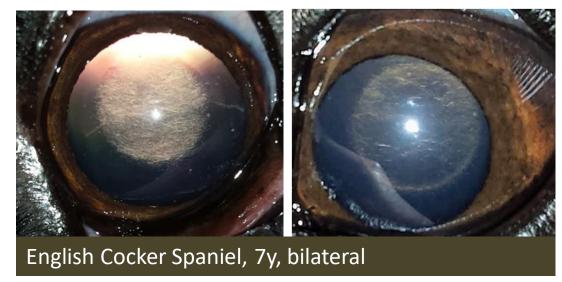


### Other lens opacities/cataracts: 15. cataract (non-congenital) – «other»

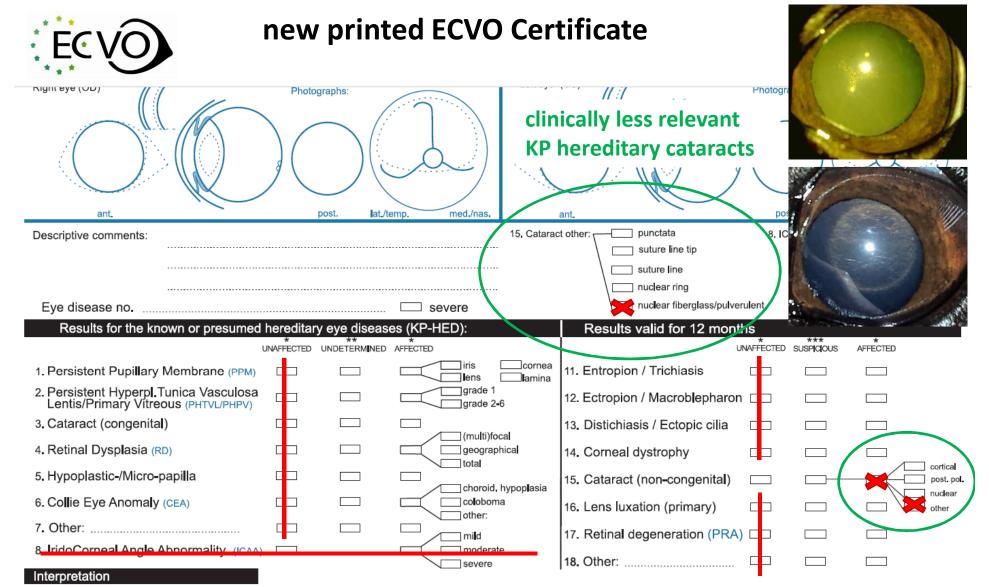
Nuclear fiberglass-like/pulverulent: Fiberglass or crystal-like opacities in the nucleus or scattered fine pulverulent granules parallel to the suture lines in the posterior nucleus and later with fibrillary opacities in the entire fetal nucleus, which may become dense and extending into the adult nucleus. These nuclear opacities are generally bilateral and do not impair vision significantly.



Slide: Keith Barnett



Slides: M.Richter

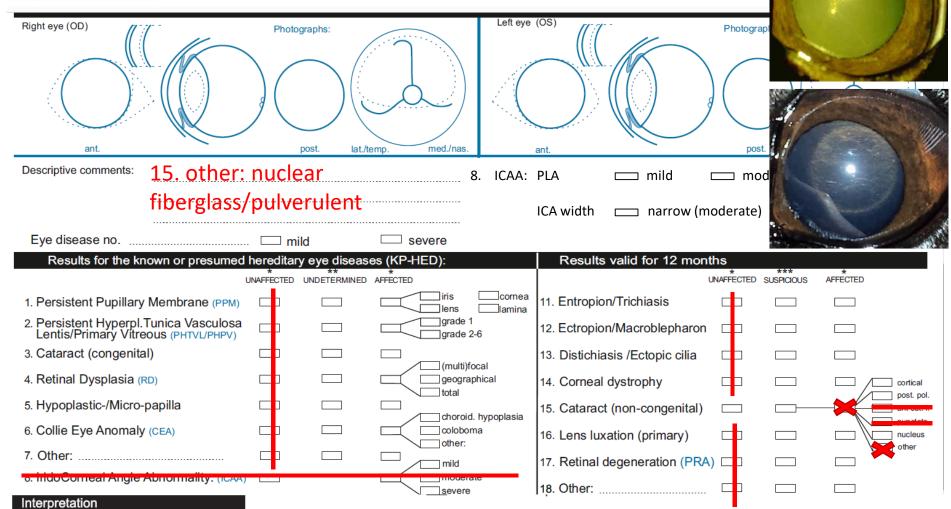


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### present on-line ECVO certificate



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# I. PK-HED: cataract – news regarding vet advice

### Vet advice – present text:

Cataract (hereditary, non-congenital): NO BREEDING from the affected animal. Note: different advice may be given for specific breeds; and for the cataract punctate in any breed: optional (low priority)

#### Vet advice – new text:

Cataract (hereditary, non-congenital): the breeding recommendation differentiates between clinically important and optional, low priority forms of cataracts

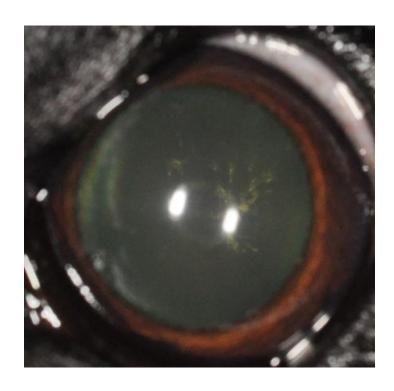
- Cataract "cortical": vet advice = no breeding
- Cataract "post. pol": vet advice = no breeding
- Cataract "nucleus": vet advice = no breeding
- Cataract "other": vet advice = breeding optional, low priority
   Optional, low priority is valid for the following lens opacities,
   summarized in "other": Punctate, Suture line tips, Suture line, Nuclear ring, Nuclear fiberglass-like/pulverulent



# Opacities on the anterior or posterior lens capsule

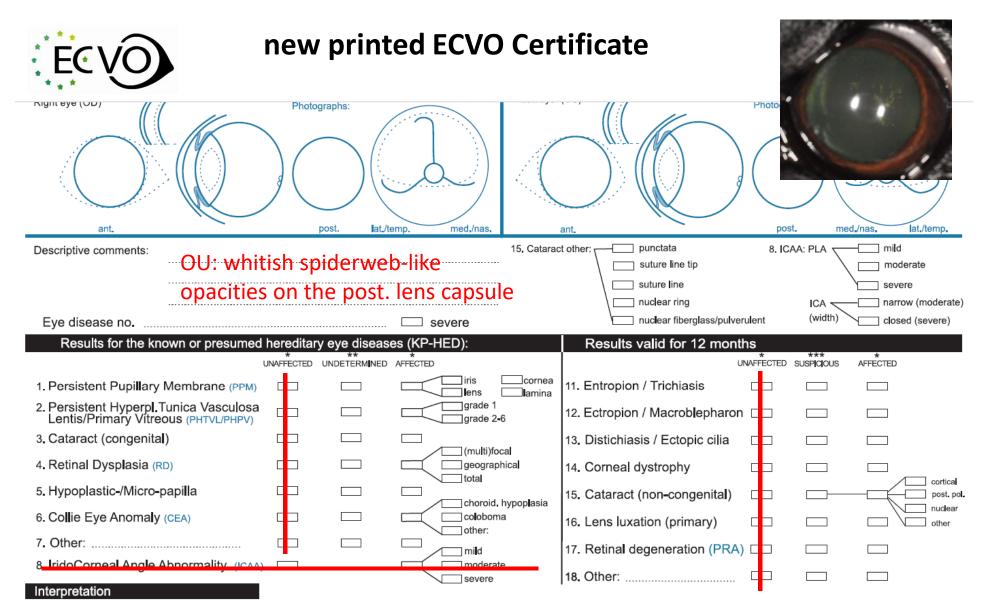
These opacities on the lens capsule should **NOT** be ticked at 3. cataract (congenital) or at 15. cataract (non-congenital)

- whitish spiderweb-like opacities on the posterior lens capsule (uni- or bilateral)
- " tiny (flat, not fibrotic/not hyperplastic)
  pigmented dots scattered on the posterior
  capsule
- PPM (if limited to insertion site)
- " PHA (if limited to insertion site)
- " PHTVL/PHPV



Flat Coated Retriever

Slide: A.Rampazzo



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## Opacities on the anterior or posterior lens capsule

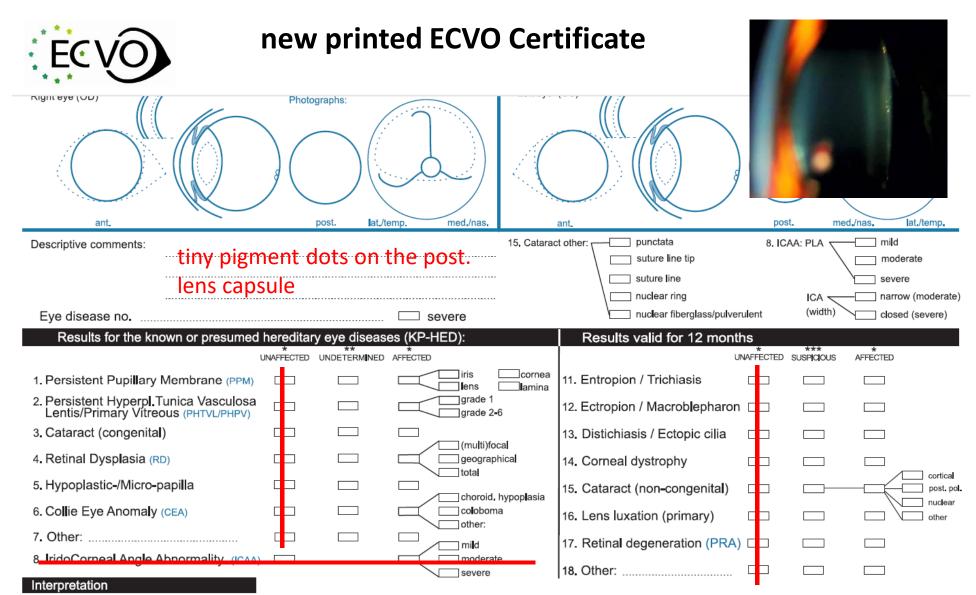
These opacities on the lens capsule are NOT to be ticked at 3. cataract (congenital) or at 15. cataract (non-congenital)

- whitish spiderweblike opacities on the posterior lens capsule (uni- or bilateral)
- <u>tiny (flat, not fibrotic/not hyperplastic)</u>
  <u>pigmented dots scattered on the posterior capsule</u>
- " PPM (if limited to insertion site)
- " PHA (if limited to insertion site)
- " PHTVL/PHPV



Miniature Schnauzer

Slides: L. Karlstam



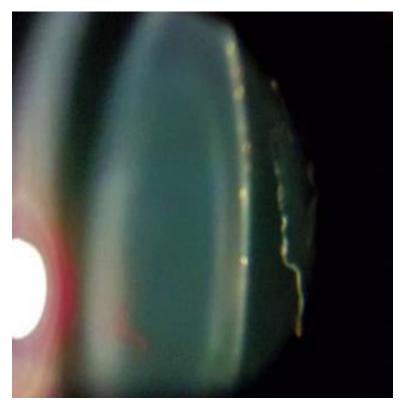
- \* "Unaffected" signifies that there is no clinical evidence of the known or presumed hereditary eye diseases (KP-HED) specified, whereas "affected" signifies that there is such evidence.
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FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.



Do not confuse with:

PHTVL grade 1: thickened hyperplastic yellow-brown pigment dots on the posterior lens capsule





Slides: L.Karlstam



### new printed ECVO Certificate

Minor, yellow-brown hyperplastic dots of fibrous tissue on the posterior lens capsule are ticked at "2. PHTVL/PHPV" "affected", and the specifying box "grade 1". If they are unilateral, and of minimal degree, "undetermined" is to be ticked.

 moderate nuclear ring narrow (moderate) nuclear fiberglass/pulverulent closed (severe) Eve disease no. Results for the known or presumed hereditary eye diseases (KP-HED): Results valid for 12 months UNAFFECTED SUSPICIOUS UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED AFFECTED AFFECTED 11. Entropion / Trichiasis 1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM) lamina 2. Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa grade 1 12. Ectropion / Macroblepharon Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV) grade 2-6 Cataract (congenital) 13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia (multi)focal 4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD) geographica 14. Corneal dystrophy tota 5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla Cataract (non-congenital) choroid, hypoplasia 6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA) coloboma 16. Lens luxation (primary) 17. Retinal degeneration (PRA) 8 IridoCorneal Angle Abnormality (ICAA)

\* "Unaffected" signifies that there is no clinical evidence of the known or presumed hereditary eye diseases (KP-HED) specified, whereas "affected" signifies that there is such evidence.

severe

18. Other: .....

- \*\* The animal displays clinical features that could possibly fit the KP-HED mentioned, but the changes are inconclusive.
- \*\*\* The animal displays minor, but specific clinical signs of the KP-HED mentioned. Further development will confirm the diagnosis. Reexamination in ......months.

FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.

Interpretation

Examiner

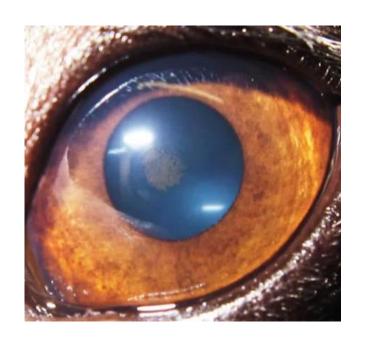
8. ICAA: PLA 7



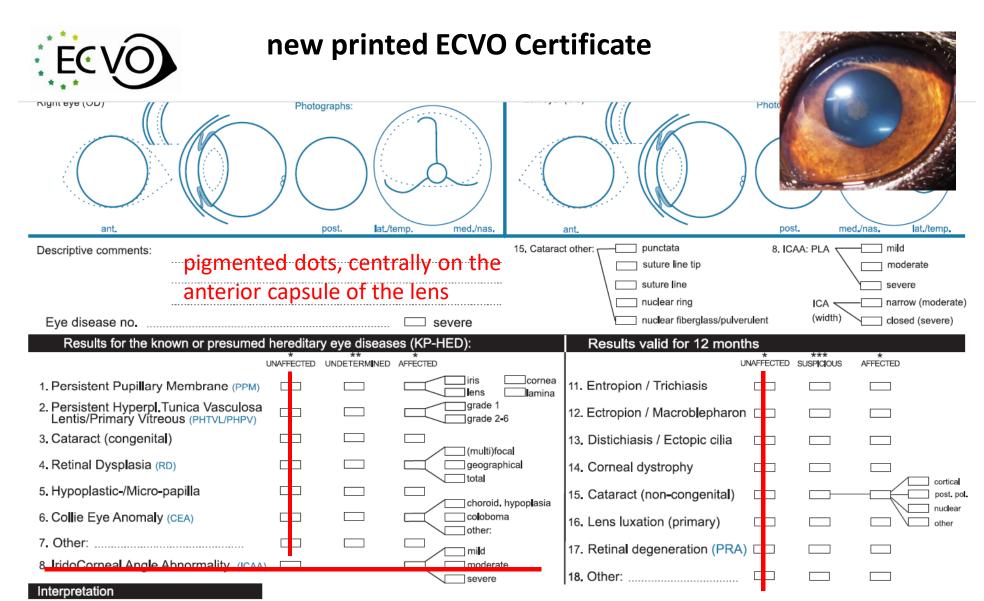
## Opacities on the anterior or posterior lens capsule

These opacities on the lens capsule are NOT to be ticked at 3. cataract (congenital) or at 15. cataract (non-congenital)

- " whitish spiderweblike opacities on the posterior lens capsule (uni- or bilateral)
- " tiny (flat, not fibrotic/not hyperplastic) pigmented dots scattered on the posterior capsule
- " PPM (if limited to insertion site)
- " PHA (if limited to insertion site)
- " PHTVL/PHPV



Slide: M.Richter



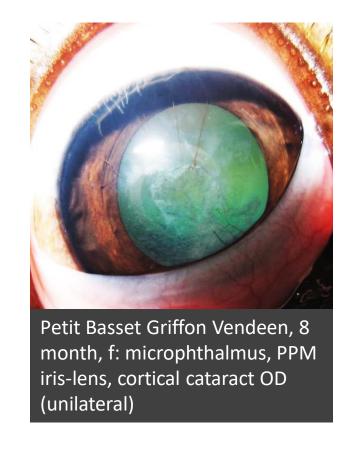
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FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.



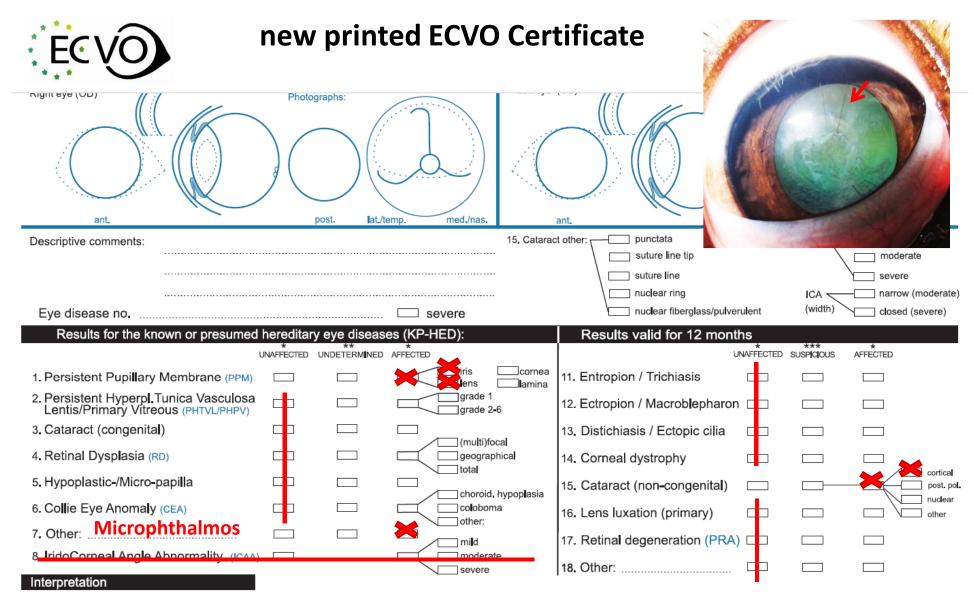
### PPM & cataract

If the opacity on the lens (capsule) is <a href="limited to the insertion">limited to the insertion</a> of the PPM, do NOT tick the box for cataract (congenital). Only, if a whitish opacity extends into the lens cortex adjacent to this, also tick the box "affected" at "3. Cataract (congenital). If there are other lens opacities not adjacent to the PPM, which might not be congenital, tick the relevant box at "15. Cataract (noncongenital)".



Slides: M.Richter

**Microphthalmos** may or may not be associated with cataract: if cataract is present: tick the relevant box



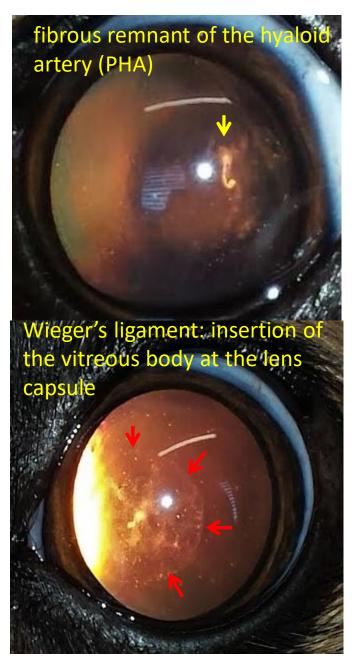
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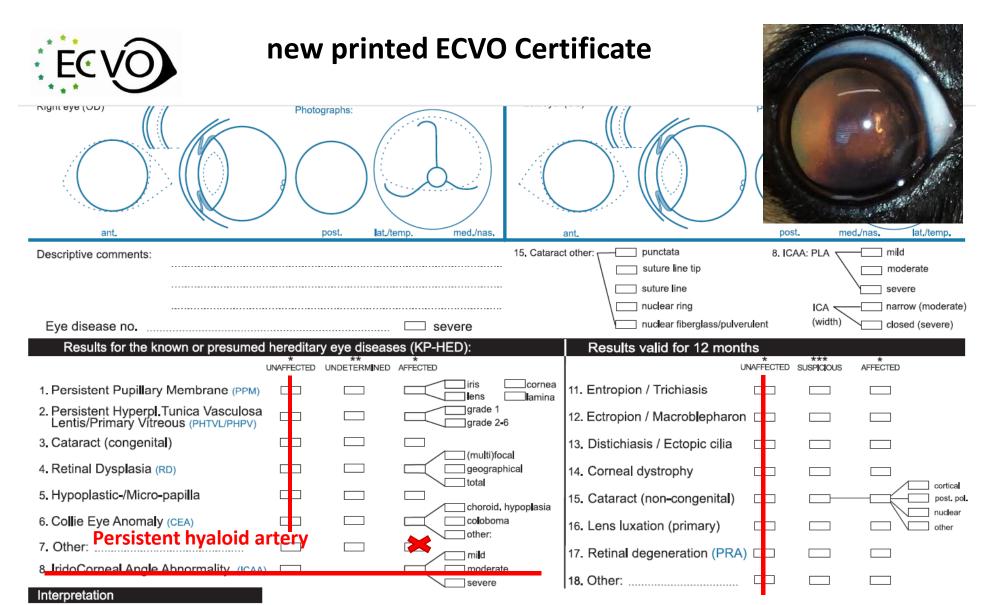


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- " PHA (if limited to insertion site)
- " PHTVL/PHPV





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FOR FUTHER INFORMATION: P.T.O.

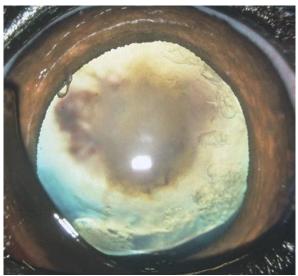


# Opacities on the anterior or posterior lens capsule

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- " tiny (flat, not fibrotic/not hyperplastic) pigmented dots scattered on the posterior capsule
- " PPM (if limited to insertion site)
- " PHA (if limited to insertion site)
- " PHTVL/PHPV (in grade 2-6 the lenticular abnormalities are part of the entity and are **not** to be ticked at "3. Cataract" and/or "7. Other"





Marianne Richter,
Dipl ECVO



### new printed ECVO Certificate

PHTVL: in grade 2-6 cataract and other lenticular abnormalities (like lenticonus, lens hypoplasia, spherophakia) are part of the entity and are **not** to be

Desc ticked at "3. Catar	act"	and/or	"/. U	tner"		8. IC	AA: PLA 🦯	— mild
					suture line tip			moderate
					suture line			severe
					nuclear ring		ICA <	marrow (moderat
Eye disease no.			□ se	vere	nuclear fiberglass/pu	lverulent	(width)	closed (severe)
Results for the known or presumed	l heredita	ry eye disease	s (KP-H	ED):	Results valid for 12 mo	nths		
	UNAFFECTED	** UNDETERMINED	* AFFECTED			UNAFFECTED	*** SUSPICIOUS	AFFECTED
1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM)				iris cornea	11. Entropion / Trichiasis			
<ol> <li>Persistent Hyperpl.Tunica Vasculosa Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV)</li> </ol>				grade 1	12. Ectropion / Macroblephar	on 🗀		
3. Cataract (congenital)				(multi)focal	13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia			
4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD)				geographical total	14. Corneal dystrophy			cortica
5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla				choroid, hypoplasia	15. Cataract (non-congenital	) 🗀		post. ;
6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA)				co <b>l</b> oboma other:	16. Lens luxation (primary)			nuclea other
7. Other:				mi <b>l</b> d	17. Retinal degeneration (PR	RA) □□		
8_IridoCorneal Angle Abnormality (ICAA				moderate	18. Other:			
Interpretation			4	307010				

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post.



Interpretation

### new printed ECVO Certificate

PHTVL: in grade 2-6 cataract and other lenticular abnormalities (like lenticonus, lens hypoplasia, spherophakia) are part of the entity and are *not* to be ticked at "3. Cataract" and/or "7. Other"

nuclear ring narrow (moderate) nuclear fiberglass/pulverulent closed (severe) Results for the known or presumed hereditary eye diseases (KP-HED): Results valid for 12 months UNAFFECTED SUSPICIOUS UNAFFECTED UNDETERMINED AFFECTED AFFECTED 11. Entropion / Trichiasis 1. Persistent Pupillary Membrane (PPM) lamina 2. Persistent Hyperpl. Tunica Vasculosa grade 1 12. Ectropion / Macroblepharon Lentis/Primary Vitreous (PHTVL/PHPV) grade 2-6 Cataract (congenital) 13. Distichiasis / Ectopic cilia (multi)focal 4. Retinal Dysplasia (RD) geographica 14. Corneal dystrophy tota 5. Hypoplastic-/Micro-papilla Cataract (non-congenital) choroid, hypoplasia 6. Collie Eye Anomaly (CEA) coloboma 16. Lens luxation (primary) 17. Retinal degeneration (PRA) 8 IridoCorneal Angle Abnormality (ICAA) 18. Other: ..... severe

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moderate

8. ICAA: PLA